



Nom :

Prénom :

Grammar

I- Fill in with the correct personal pronoun, possessive adjective or possessive pronoun.

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|---|--|
| 1- Ben is tall. Look at _____. | 2- We are policemen ! Look at _____ ! |
| 3- Tony is happy. He is with _____. | 4- The cats are eating _____ food. |
| 5-Hello, Sally. Where is _____ mum ? | 6- The children are dancing. Can you see _____ ? |
| 7-Mum has got a new car. This is _____. | 8- I'm Tom and this is _____ sister. |

II- Tick the right blank .

- 1- You _____ do _____ your homework _____. (often)
- 2- Alice and _____ Mary don't _____ tidy _____ their room _____. (sometimes)
- 3- Does _____ the vet _____ help _____ sick animals _____ ? (always)
- 4- A journalist _____ is _____ a person _____ who writes stories in newspapers _____. (usually)

III- Put the verbs into the present simple or present continuous.

Dear Mandy,

Hi ! How _____ (be) you ? We _____ (really/enjoy) ourselves here in London !

Right now, my brother Pierre and I _____ (sit) in Hyde Park and we _____ (look) at the lake. My parents _____ (shop) for souvenirs because we _____ (leave) soon. I _____ (promise) to bring back lots of photos. You _____ (know) how much I love to take pictures while on holiday.

Write back soon,

Giselle

IV- Fill in with the suitable question word .

- 1- _____ is this coat ? Mine.
- 2- _____
- 3- _____ does the party start ? At 8 :30.
- 4- _____ does this cost ? 25 dollars.

- 5- _____ is your book ? The red one.
- 6- _____ was he late ? Because he overslept.
- 7- _____ does he visit his grandparents ? Every Monday.
- 8- _____ is Robert ? Julie's brother.
- 9- _____ eggs do you need ? Ten.

V- Underline the mistakes and correct them.

- 1- I drink some wines on Saturday. _____
- 2- We need a cheese, please. _____
- 3- They are cheaps pants. _____
- 4- They are old ladys. _____
- 5- They are handkerchieves. _____

VI- Underline the correct words.

- 1- Her (children's – childrens') names are so strange.
- 2- (Jessica's – Jessicas') hair is blond.
- 3- Our (sister's – sisters') friend is so handsome.
- 4- Look here it is, next to the (table's leg – leg of the table).
- 5- Mary is (Jack's and John's – Jack and John's) aunt.

VII- Fill in: under, next to, in , on , onto, beside, in front of,over , near or behind.



Grandma is sitting 1) *under* ... the sunshade.
 Dad is sleeping 2) the sunbed. Tim
 is making sandcastles 3) Grandma.
 Ann is sitting 4) Tim. The dog is lying
 5) Dad. Mum is waiting 6)
 the ice-cream stall. Jenny is hiding 7)
 the ice-cream stall. Peter is climbing 8)
 a stool. Sue and Bob are swimming 9)
 the sea. Some seagulls are flying 10)
 the sea.

Reading Comprehension

I- Read the following.

Last week we did a fun experiment in Science. This is what happened. We were each given a balloon. They were blown up and tied. It was difficult to tie the balloons so our teacher helped us. Then a sheet of paper was torn up into small pieces. The pieces of paper were put on each desk. After that we rubbed the balloons on our jumpers. Next the balloons were held over the pieces of paper. The pieces of paper were picked up by the balloon! We then tried the same experiment with sugar. Some sugar was put on each desk by the teacher. The sugar was picked up by the balloons too!

A) Number the sentences in the right order .

- a) Pieces of paper were picked up by the balloon. _____
- b) Some balloons were tied by the teacher. _____
- c) Small pieces of paper were put on each desk. _____
- d) We were given some sugar. _____
- e) The balloons were blown up. _____
- f) The balloons were rubbed on our jumpers. _____

B) Answer the questions.

- a) What was given to each student?

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- b) Was the experiment successful the second time? What happened?
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II- Read the texts .

Protecting our environment.

1- Air pollution

Air pollution has many causes. Factories, cars, lorries and planes burn fuel and send poisonous gases into the air. These can make us ill. Then, on some parts of the planet, large areas of forest are burned every year for farming. The smoke goes into the air, too. We need to use cleaner sources of energy, for example solar energy, wind energy, and the natural force of the water in big rivers.

2- Global Warming

Have you ever been inside a car parked in the sun? When the windows are closed, it gets hotter and hotter inside the car. The poisonous gases around the Earth are similar to the closed windows in a car. The Earth gets hotter and hotter. This is called **global warming**. Some scientists think this is changing the climate. In some parts of the world it rains a lot; in other parts it doesn't rain for years. This could have an enormous effect on life on Earth. We must stop poisoning the air.

3- Tons of rubbish

Billions of tons of rubbish are produced by humans every year. Cans, plastic bottles and bags are

a big problem. They accumulate on land and in rivers, streams, and oceans and they kill many sea animals. We must reduce the amount of plastic and metal we use, reuse what we can and recycle the rest.

A) Answer the questions

1. What causes air pollution?

2. How can we reduce the amount of waste?

3. What are some cleaner sources of energy?

B) Read and match.

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|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 I'm going to recycle | a. public transport | a.to reduce waste. _____ |
| 2 She is going to reuse | b. rubbish | b. to save resources. _____ |
| 3 You're going to turn off | c. plastic bags | c.to save trees. _____ |
| 4 They're going to use | d. water | d.to keep the environment tidy. _____ |

- | | | | |
|---|----------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| 5 | We should use less | e. paper | e.to conserve energy. _____ |
| 6 | I'm going to collect | f. the lights | f.to reduce pollution. _____ |

III- Read the texts below:

Mei, 13, Japan

I live in Tokyo in Japan. It's a very busy city with more than 13 million inhabitants! I live with my family on the 32nd floor of a tall building in Toranomom. I have a great view of the city from my window. I can see a lot of tall buildings and lots of shops and restaurants too. I can buy whatever I want to buy here! There is also an interesting art museum. I like to go and look at the paintings. I love living in a big city. It's a bit noisy but it's a lot of fun!

Sabina, 12, Italy

I live in a tiny village near Florence in Italy with only 2,000 inhabitants. My house is very old and we have a big garden with lots of trees. From my window, I can see green fields and hills. It's very beautiful. There is a greengrocer's and a baker's in the village. The nearest supermarket is 10 km away! I often play outside with my friends – we climb trees and run in the fields! I don't like going to the city because it's so busy. I like my home because it's peaceful.

A) Complete the sentences with Mei or Sabina.

1. _____ lives in Japan and _____ lives in Italy.
2. _____ lives in an urban area and _____ lives in a rural area.
3. _____ lives in a house and _____ lives in a flat.
4. _____ can see green fields from her window and _____ can see tall buildings, shops and restaurants from her window.
5. There are a lot of shops near _____'s home, but there aren't many shops near _____'s home.
6. _____ often goes to the shops or museum and _____ climbs trees and runs in the fields.

B) Would you like to live in Mei's home or Sabina's home? Explain your answer:

WRITING

I- Punctuate and capitalize the following sentences.

- 1- Whose your favorite pop star _____
- 2- on tuesday toni is flying to greece _____
- 3- Jane and i are best friends _____
- 4- What a lovely day _____
- 5- Mary bought potatoes tomatoes and bread.

- 6- I like reading winter cloud with you. I really like this story.

II- Look at the text about Mei or Sabina and write about the place where you live.

III- Write about a camping holiday.

Where did you go? • Who did you go with? • How did you get there?
What did you take with you? • What did you do there? • Did you enjoy yourself?
Do you want to go again?
